





HWT Experimental Warning Program: History & Successes

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STATES OF LIMIT OF CONTRACT OF





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The Experimental Warning Program (EWP)

Technology Specialists

MIZZU.

Trainers & Social Scientists

Researchers

Forecasters

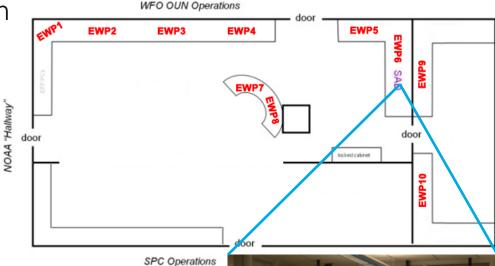
Goals:

- 1) Evaluate new techniques, observation systems, and applications at the "warning scale" (0-2 hour time period).
- 2) Gather feedback for product improvement, best practices training, and evidence of relevancy in NWS operations.

EWP Technology

- Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System (AWIPS)
 - AWIPS-1: 2008-2011
 - AWIPS-2: 2012-present
- 10 AWIPS-2 workstations
 - Can replicate any NWS forecast office
- Satellite Broadcast Network Access
 - Every operational product available to the NWS

Benefit: An analog environment of a NWS office that a forecaster is familiar with while providing a head start to operational implementation.

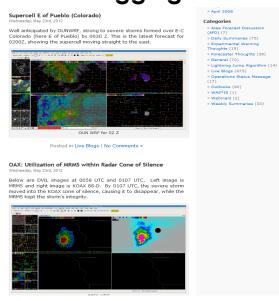




Receiving Forecaster Feedback

Daily/Weekly Surveys

Blogging



Pre-warning decision Making thoughts and Images in real-time. EWP 2012 - HWT Spring Experiment

pGLM Total Lightning Data Product Evaluation

What were the strengths and weaknesses of the lightning data during this particular event?

What particular products (e.g., pGLM flash extent density, 60 min or 120 tracks) did you like or find useful? Why?

What features and individual products did you NOT like or would change (and how would you envision them changing)?

How do you envision using total lightning data in the future? What other thunderstorm modes and cases would you like to see examples of?

Did any ideas or suggestions for new products or displays occur to you as you were

What was your overall impression of the pGLM lightning data?

using the existing products?

Strengths/Weaknesses of the applications evaluated.

Daily/Weekly Debriefs



Dedicated face-to-face time between forecasters and developers on the evaluated products.

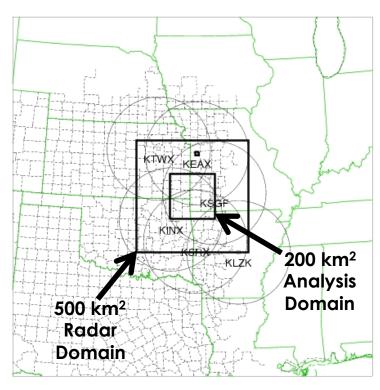
Flexible metrics of data capture allow investigators to receive quality feedback on their terms while providing transparency in the evaluation process.

Past Successful Initiatives: NSSL 3DVAR

3DVAR = A storm-scale data assimilation system blending observational and numerical model data

NSSL 3DVAR

- Reflectivity and radial velocity from nearby WSR-88D radars blended with 12km model background
- Four floating 200x200 analysis domains
- 1km horizontal resolution, 500m vertical resolution (31 total levels) every 5 min.



Goal: Synthesize storm dynamics in a manner that is quick and easy for forecasters to interrogate.

Past Successful Initiatives: NSSL 3DVAR

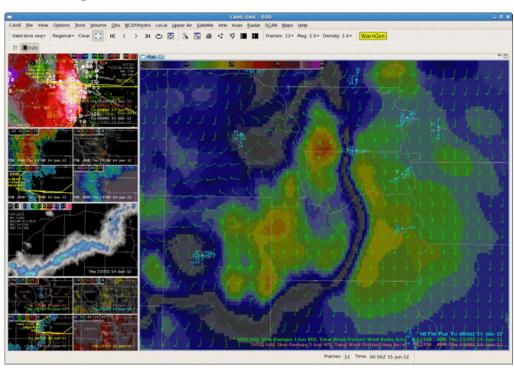
Multi-year experiment allowed for integration of feedback for re-evaluation

AWIPS-2 Products Evaluated

Bold = Evaluated Both Years

2011
Downdraft Track
Downdraft Composite
Simulated Reflectivity
Updraft Track
Updraft Volume
Updraft Max
Vorticity
2D Wind Fields

2012 Storm-top Divergence Updraft Helicity



Above: AWIPS-2 display of the NSSL 3DVAR 1km wind field displayed as both barbs and as a colored image for a damaging wind event on 14 June 2012.



More Info: Calhoun et al. (2014) - http://dx.doi.org/10.1175/WAF-D-13-00107.1

Past Successful Initiatives: MR/MS

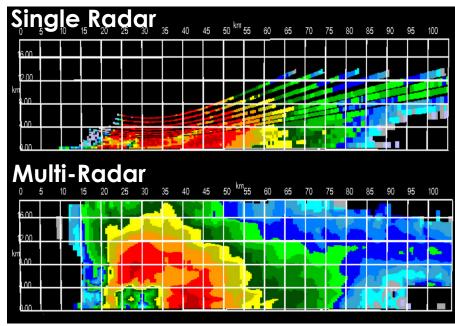
What is Multi-Radar/Multi-Sensor?

Exploits areas of overlapping radars to generate 3D cube of reflectivity and shear products and derivatives

• 2 min. output – 500m-1km resolution

EWP History

- Evaluated for last 8 years
 - Multiple iterations of product development
- Gained NWS support and trust
 - System Requirements & Evaluation Committee Top 10 implementation candidate from all NWS regions
- Implementation into AWIPS-2 operations this year







Current Initiative: Earth Networks (ENI) Total Lightning

First EWP public/private sector data evaluation experiment

Objective: Does ENI total lightning and derivative products have value in warning operations?

Experiment Design

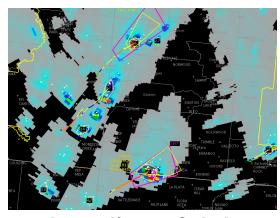
A blend of meteorology & social science



18 NWS Forecasters



Six two-hour scenarios of varying convective modes



Three tiers of data available for storm interrogation

ENI Total Lightning: Results & Future Work

NASA Task Load Index

Assess perceived workload of a new task or product

Interpretation

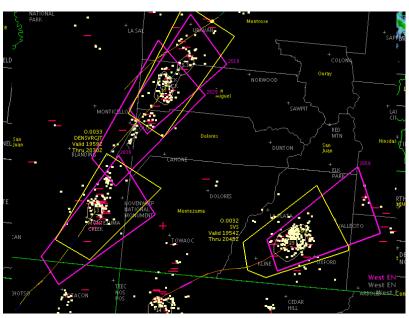
0 = No Stress; 100 = High Stress

Data Provided	Mean Workload
Radar Only	55
Radar + Total Lightning	52
Radar + Total Lightning + Derivatives	54

- Similar workloads observed
- Case meteorology plays larger role

Year 2: Spring 2015

Integration of forecaster feedback into a renewed product set for real-time evaluation



Above: ENI total lighting and Dangerous Thunderstorm Alerts

Summary

NOAA's HWT has a record of success and will continue to provide a mechanism for the evaluation of new products and services to meet the needs of the National Weather Service.

The Path Ahead

- Planned Future Initiatives:
 - Continued work with the Phased Array Radar Innovative Sensing Experiment (PARISE)
 - Exploring the role of rapid-scan radar data on human factors and forecaster conceptual models
 - GOES-R Risk Reduction Activities
 - Evaluate proposed algorithms and tools to support the GOES-R mission
 - Probabilistic Hazard Information (PHI) into AWIPS-2 Hazard Services
 - FACETs, decision support services, and human factors experiments
 - Continued work with Flooded Locations and Simulated Hydrographs (FLASH) Program
 - Forecaster use and evaluation of a new paradigm for flash flood prediction

